The Civil War

1. Which of the following is NOT one of the causes of the Civil War?
	1. Frederick Douglass lost the presidential election in 1860.
	2. Southern states believed in their right to secede from the Union.
	3. Abraham Lincoln was elected President in 1860.
	4. Abolitionists like Harriet Tubman and Frederick Douglass campaigned against slavery in the south.
2. Match the famous abolitionist to their work to end slavery:
3. Nat Turner a. This abolitionist was a “conductor” who led enslaved people to freedom along the Underground Railroad.
4. Harriet Tubman b. This abolitionist led a raid on the United States Arsenal at Harper’s Ferry.
5. John Brown c. This abolitionist led a slave rebellion in Virginia.
6. **Fill in the Blanks:**

Abraham \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was elected \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1860. As a result, many southern states, including Virginia, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the Union and established the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ States of America. However, Virginians in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ counties relied on slavery while \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ did not favor slavery. This conflict led to the creation of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. What was the significance of the Battle of Bull Run?
	1. It led to the surrender of General Robert E. Lee at Appomattox Courthouse.
	2. It was called the Battle of Manassas in the Confederate states.
	3. It was the first major sea battle that ended the blockade in the Confederate states.
	4. It was the first major battle of the Civil War.
2. Sort the facts, events, and people of the Confederacy and the Union:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| The Confederacy | The Union |
|  |  |

* General “Stonewall” Jackson
* General Ulysses S. Grant
* Richmond was the capital city.
* The Monitor ironclad.
* The Merrimack ironclad.
* Relied on slave labor during the war.
* Won the Civil War.
* General Robert E. Lee
1. Most Native Americans during the Civil War were:
	1. Killed.
	2. Confederate soldiers.
	3. Neutral.
	4. Union soldiers.
2. Which best describes the role of free and enslaved African Americans during the Civil War?
	1. Both free and enslaved African Americans were neutral.
	2. Both free and enslaved African Americans were Confederate soldiers.
	3. Free African Americans became Confederate soldiers and enslaved African Americans became spies.
	4. Free African Americans became Union soldiers and enslaved African Americans were forced to work for the Confederate States.
3. During the Civil War, women often held important roles EXCEPT:
	1. Spies.
	2. Nurses.
	3. Lawyers.
	4. Abolitionists.